

Public Water Association
Public Water Supply Name

## MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

## BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

# CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

# 065017 ID# 065017-01 TO# 065017-02 List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

consu	Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a umer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public r system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to ustomers upon request.
Pleas	se Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
3	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)  Advertisement in local paper
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date customers were informed: $\frac{\sqrt{1}}{2}D/\delta$
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed://
4	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: 5mith Co. Reformer
	Date Published: Le / 2 / 2010
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at www
CER'	TIFICATION
syster and c	by certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true orrect and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by dississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
Ju	e/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)  6/10/10  Date
Nam	e/Titfe (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)  Date
	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215

570 East Woodrow Wilson • Post Office Box 1700 • Jackson, MS 39215-1700 601-576-8090 • 1-866-HLTHY4U • www.HealthyMS.com

Phone: 601-576-7518

# 2010 JUN -8 PM 12: 48

#### 2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Pineville Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 0650006, 0650017 & 0650018 May 2010

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand & Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Pineville Water Association have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wanda Craft at 601-789-5005. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 PM at the office located at 8305 HWY 501.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2009. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2009, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10.000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#:	065000	)6	TEST RESULTS					
Contaminant	Violatio n Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

10. Barium	N	2006*	.033	.011033	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits
12. Cadmium	N	2006*	.2	.12	ppb	5	5	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
13. Chromium	N	2006*	2	1.68 - 2	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	8	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Range of Detects Detected or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL		Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Co	ntamination	
Inorganic	Contai	ninants								
10. Barium	N	2006*	.006	No Range	ppm	2	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
13. Chromium	N	2006*	.5	No Range	Ε		Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits			
14. Copper	N	2008*	.2	.2 0 ppm 1.3		AL=1.3	Corrosion of houser systems; erosion of leaching from wood	natural deposits;		
17. Lead	N	2008*	2	0	ppb 0		AL=15	Corrosion of househ systems, erosion of		
Volatile C		Contan	ninants	No Range	рр	h I	700	700	Discharge from	
oo. Ethylbenzen		2003	.502	Norvange	PP		700	700	petroleum refineries	
76. Xylenes	N	2009	.0001	No Range	рр	m	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories	
Disinfecti	on By-F	roducts	3							
Chlorine	N	2009	1	. 3 -1	ppm	0	MDRL =	4 Water additive us	ed to control	

PWS ID#:	065001	18	TI	EST RESUL	TS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

Inorganic	Conta	minants	}				,		
10. Barium	N	2006*	.001	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
12. Cadmium	N	2006*	.158	No Range	ppb	5	5	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints	
13. Chromium	N	2006*	1.9	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
14. Copper	N	2008*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	
17. Lead	N	2008*	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	
Disinfectio	n By-I	Products	S 34.25	T 24 - 46	ppb	l 0	60	By-Product of drinking water	
01.1000	'	2000	0.1.20	2, 10	ppo	Ů		disinfection.	
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2008*	44.5	37 - 53	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2009	1	.3 - 1	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009.

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminant violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Pineville Water Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Notice: This report will not be mailed to customers, however, copies are available upon request by calling 601-789-5468.

NOTICE OF SALE

WHEREAS, on the 29th day of July 2002,

Donnie Watts and wife Donna Watts execut-

ed a Deed of Trust in favor of Community

Bank of Mississippi, Beneficiary, which

Deed of Trust is recorded in Deed of Trust

Book 475, at pages 408-412, on August 6,

2002, in the office of the Chancery Clerk of

Community Bank of Mississippi, the holder.

of said Deed of Trust and the note secured

thereby, substituted Stanley A. Sorey, as

Substituted Trustee therein, as authorized

by the terms thereof, by instrument dated

the 9th day of May, 2007, and recorded the

9th day of May, 2007, in Substitution of Trustee Book 3 at pages 19-20 in the office

AND WHEREAS, default having been

made in payment of the indebtedness

secured by said Deed of Trust, and the hold-

er of the note and Deed of Trust having

requested the undersigned Substituted

Trustee so to do, I will on the 11th day of

June, 2010, offer for sale at public outcry

and sell during legal hours between the

hours of 11:00 a. m. and 4:00 p. m. at the

main front door of the County Courthouse

of Smith County, at Raleigh, Mississippi,

for cash to the highest and best bidder, the

following described land and property, situ-

Commence at the Northwest Corner of

Section 2, Township 2 North, Range 7 East,

Smith County, Mississippi and run South

455.8 Feet; thence East 990 feet to and for

the Point of Beginning; thence run East 210

feet; thence South 246.7 feet to the North

Right-of-Way line of State Highway #18;

thence run North 69 degrees 30 minutes

West 224.2 feet along North Right-of-Way line of said State Highway #18; thence run

North 168.2 feet back to the Point of

Beginning, containing 1 acre more or less and being in the Northwest 1/4 of Northwest 1/4, Section 2, Township 2 North, Range 7 East, Smith County,

I will convey only such title as is vested in

WITNESS MY SIGNATURE, this the 10th

Mississippi,

P.O. Box 861

(3135)

N/

noissid

600

me as Substituted Trustee

Raleigh, Mississippi 39153

May 19, 26, June 2, 9

Telephone No. (601)782-9999

day of May, 2010. STANLEY SOREY SUBSTITUTED TRUSTEE PREPARED BY: STANLEY SOREY SOREY & SOREY Attorneys at Law

ated in Smith County, Mississippi, to wit:

the

aforesaid

Smith County, Mississippi;

of aforesaid Chancery Clerk;

WHEREAS,

## The State of Mississippi, County of Smith

PERSONALLY CAME before me, the undersigned a Notary Public in and for SMITH COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI the OFFICE CLERK of the SMITH COUNTY REFORMER, a newspaper published in the Town of Raleigh, Smith County, in said State, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the SMITH COUNTY REFORMER is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in §13-3-31 of the Mississippi Code 1972 Annotated and that the publication of a notice, of which the annexed is a copy, in the

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

2009 ANNUAI Legal N PWS# 063 SUBSTITUTED TRUSTEE'S

We're pleased to present to you this year's Ann ces we deliver to you every day. Our constan understand the efforts we make to continually ing the quality of your water. Our water source

The source water assessment has been comple ply to identified potential sources of contaming diately below. A report containing detailed in water system and is available for viewing und

quality drinking water, but cannot control the you can minimize the potential for lead expos are concerned about lead in your water, you m can take to minimize exposure is available f Department of Health Public Health Laborato tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to po microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and tain at least small amounts of some contamina information about contaminants and potential Hotling at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to conta cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who erly, and infants can be particularly at risk fr EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means t from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800 The Pineville Water Association, Inc. works our water sources, which are the heart of our Notice: This report will not be mailed to cus

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Date

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Range of Detects or

LS=L

AND TESTAMENT OF NELSON SMITH, DECEASED CAUSE NO. 2010-072-P2 NOTICE TO CREDITORS Letters Testamentary having been granted on the 3rd day of May, 2010 by the Chancery Court of Smith County, Mississippi to the undersigned upon the Estate of Nelson Smith, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to the

IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF

SMITH COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI IN THE MATTER OF THE LAST WILL

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I will conveme as Substi price must 1 funds at the bidder may fied funds a refundable ( adjourned fo WITNESS of May 2010

s/ Emily M.

STITUTE TI

This Instrum Emily M. Ya ROSEN HAI 2200 Jack W Post Office I Tuscaloosa, / Telephone: (%

(3131) May 19, 26,

Chancery In the mai Briona Ki Chiana Pe Perkins, S Circuit -Kelvin W Williams Finance C Internatio Steve B. 1 21st Mort George H any other Marriage Chester 1

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Drinking Water	<i>-</i>
Quality Report	
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On the day of	_20
On the day of	20
On the day of	20
Land Turner	

OFFICE CLERK

Words

SWORN to and subscribed before me,

this the



#### 2009 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT PINEVILLE WATER ASSOCIATION, INC. PWS# 0650006, 0650017 & 0650018 • MAY 2010

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and serves we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We awant you to mediestand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of year water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand & Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifers.

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PWS ID#	0650006	<i>i</i>		1591	RESULTS		347433	
		Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects of a of Samples Exceeding MCVACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	WCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Co	ontaminante	8	Section 1					
10. Barum	N	2006*	.033	.011033	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of nat. dep.
12. Çadmlum	N	20061	2	.1-2	ppb	5	1	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of nat.dep.; discharge from metal ret.; runoff from waste batteries & paints.
13. Chromium	N	2006*	2	1.68-2	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills: erosion of nat, dep.
14. Copper	N	20081	.2	0	pom	1.3		Corrosion of househole plumbing systems; erosion of nat. dep.leaching from wood pre

7. Lead	N ]	2006*	8	0	ppb			Corrosion of neusehold plumbing systems, erosion of nat. dep.
Disinfection B	/-Product	8		7.00		1		
hlonne	N		7	.3-1	ppm	0	MDRL=4	Water additive used to control microbes.
WS ID # 0	650017	7		TEST	RESULT	3		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects of 8 of Semples Exceeding MCVACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL.	Likely Source of Contemination
norganic Con	taminanti	8						
IQ. Barium	N	2006*	,006	No Range	ppm	2	\$4.00 b	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refinences; prosion of nat. dep.
13. Chromium	N N	2006*	.6	No Range	ppb	100		Discharge from steel and pulp mills; eroslo of nat. dep.
4. Copper	N	20081	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of househole plumbing systems; erosion of nat. dep leaching from wood pre
17. Lead	N	20081	2	0	ppb	0	AL:15	Corrosion of household plumbling systems, erosion of nat. dep:
Volatile <b>Q</b> rgan	ic Contar	ninants	1000					
66. Ethylbenzene	N	2009	.562	No Range	ppb	700		Discharge from petroleum refinerles
76. Xylenos p	w N	500a W	0R8891Wa	er Model/Websed to co:	ol ARObbes.	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; disc from chemical factories
Disinfection E	v-Produc	ts	4.900					
Chlorine	N	2009	4	3-1	ppm	0	MDRL#	Water additive used to control microbes.
PWS ID#	065001	8		TES	RESULT	S		
Contaminant	Violation V/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Renge of Detects or # of Bamples Exceeding MCVACL	Measurement Unit	MCCB	HCL	Likely Source of Confamination
Inorganie Cor	taminant	8	1000					
10. Barlum	N	2006"	.001	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge frometal relineries; erosion of hat, dep.
12. Cadmium	- N	2006*	.158	No Range	ppb	5	5	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of dep.; discharge from metal ref.; runoff fror waste batteries & paints.
13. Chromkym	· N·	20061	1.9	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erost of nat. dep.
14. Copper	T N	20081	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of househole plambing systems erosion of nat, dep.leaching from wood pr
17. Lead	N.	2008*	3	0 .	bbp	0	AL≃15	Corresion of household plumbing systems grosion of nat, dep.
Disinfection	3v-Produ	cts						
B1. HAA5	N	2008*	34.25	24-46	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM trihalomethanes	N	20081	44.5	37-53	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine	N	2009		3-1	ppm	0	MORL=	Water additive used to control microbas.

Most most sample. No sample required to 2009.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that aboved no coliforar present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now optifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compilating period.

If present, deviated levels of lead cam cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children, Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associatered with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality dinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by lushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can justine be proved for the switching testing the sample. Please contact 601.576,7582 if you wish to have your water tested. All sources of drinking water are subject to potential for the operations of the subject of drinking water are subject to potential for the substances that are subject to a potential contamination by substances that are subject to a subject to potential contamination by substances that are subject to a subject to potential contamination by substances that are subject to a subject to potential contamination by substances that are subject to a subject to potential contamination by substances that are subject to a subject to potential contamination by substances that are subject to a subject to potential contamination to substances that are subject to a su

Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.776.1582 if you wish to have your water-tested.

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The Prayville Water Association, Doc works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are he heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Notice: This yepon will not be mailed to customers, however, copies are available upon request by calling 601-789-5468.

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